Melon Industry Sector Action Plan for Food Waste Reduction 2024

Summary





Foreword

Melons Australia is committed to supporting our industry's involvement in Australia achieving its goal to halve food waste by 2030 in accordance with the United Nations Sustainable Development goal 12.3.

This comes with a recognition that this requires the commitment of all commodities and all supply chain actors. We are very pleased to be at the forefront of the horticulture industry, taking tangible steps to contribute to the national target and we are proud to have played an important role in the development of the Australian Melon Industry food waste action plan.

Melons are grown in all states on mainland Australia as well as the Northern Territory and the industry includes a large and diverse range of stakeholders from seed producers to growers, pickers, packers, transporters, marketers and retailers, all of whom have a role to play in this action plan. Growing melons for food requires financial, human, and environmental resources that do not realise their optimum return if the food is not consumed, so it's not just the food that is wasted.

We acknowledge that by reducing food waste we create opportunities to improve grower profitability, reduce the environmental footprint of food waste and assist those Australians experiencing food insecurity.

We encourage everyone to familiarise themselves with this plan, support future work programs and to take action however and whenever they can.

Jonathan Davey

Executive Officer Melons Australia



of Australian Households purchased melons at least once in 2022

2021-22 Australian Horticulture Statistics

This summary report is based on the technical report "Akbar, D., Babacan, H., Marty, M., Nguyen, T., Rahman, A., & Brown, P. (2023). The Melon Industry Sector Food Waste Action Plan Technical Report, End Food Waste Australia

Why address melon food waste?

Australia grows high-quality produce the world wants. Yet, an average of 20% of the melon crop is wasted on farm and more through the supply chain. Reducing food waste has significant impacts and opportunities for industry profitability, for people and the planet.

There is no time to waste when it comes to meeting Australia's goal of halving food waste by 2030.



For industry profitability

242,465 T Australian Melons²

Produced in 2023 Valued at \$248.2m 93% to fresh supply <5.7% are exported <1.3% are processed

There are opportunities for increased profitability through the use of currently wasted melons.



Reducing food waste means selling more of what you produce, earning you more from what you invest. Food waste is Australia's \$36.6 billion challenge³ - and opportunity.



91% of consumers prefer to buy from organisations taking steps to reduce food waste.⁴

For people



512Kg

Australians throw out the equivalent of 312 kg of food per person a year.⁵



Food security

Edible melons that are not sold and are wasted could help provide food for hungry Australians.



1 in 6 adults & 1.2m children go hungry regularly

For the planet

When we waste food, we waste the water, energy and land resources used to grow, make, move and sell that food⁷









- 1. Downham, R 2022 ABARES
- 2. 2021-22 Australian Horticulture Statistics
- 3. FIAL, 2021. National Food Waste Study Feasibility Study.
- 4. Capgemini, 2022, Why Food Waste is Everybody's Problem. Final-Web-Version-Food-Waste.pdf (capgemini.com)
- 5. FIAL, 2021. National Food Waste Study Feasibility Study.
- 6. Foodbank, 2021 Hunger Report.
- 7. FIAL, 2021. National Food Waste Study Feasibility Study.

How was this Plan developed?

This Melon Industry Food Waste Action Plan was developed with partners across the supply chain, including small and large growers, Melons Australia, Hort Innovation, wholesalers and retailers.

Significant engagement occurred through one-on-one interviews and workshops with our reference panel. The research team also completed a literature review of national and international research on the melon supply chain and food waste reduction strategies.

Insights from the engagement and literature review were triangulated to identify a long list of strategies that were assessed against the following criteria:

- The volume of waste reduction
- Financial feasibility
- Technical feasibility
- Australian food and drink waste recovery hierarchy.

Ten strategies were identified, backed up by targeted actions with clear measures of success. "melons need to be picked ripe so the time from paddock to consumption is limited"



Project

Established





Literature review



Engagement interviews and Workshops



Engagement and literature insights amalgamated



Feedback from across the supply chain



Comprehensive report developed and reviewed

What have we learned about melon food waste?

We know that there is melon food waste on farm, in packing sheds and at the retail stage. Literature and grower feedback indicates that the problem is in the order of 30% of the crop, however the scale of the problem has not been confirmed.



In the paddock where growers ask "Is it worth picking?"

This decision is affected by:

- The health and appearance of the fruit - including damage from pests, disease, climate or weather impacts, size and presentation.
- The expected dollar return supply, demand and price.



In the Packing Shed -(esp for Musk Melons) where growers ask "Is it worth sending?"

This decision is affected by:

- The condition of the fruit ripeness, pest/disease damage.
- The appearance of the fruit and how it aligns with the specifications. (eg. size, shape).
- The expected dollar return supply, demand and price.

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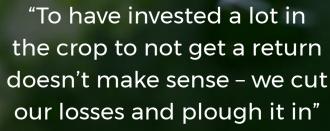


Markets/Distribution Centre

Where decisions are made based on:

- Whether the fruit aligns with produce specifications.
- Any damage that occurred during transport.
- Ripeness and potential storage/shelf life
- Level of supply.







Retail

Where fruit that doesn't sell is discarded because of:

- Health regulations/store policies on cut fruit
- Overripe
- Damage.



How can we effectively reduce melon food waste?

Reducing melon food waste is a whole of supply chain responsibility. Some strategies focus on specific supply chain stages and can be adopted by individual farmers, or logistics providers or retailers while others require a collaborative approach and engagement with other industries and government.



Enable it

Make it easier to reduce food waste

Support food waste reduction action through:

Better data

Better education

Better policy



Repurpose it

If we can't prevent it, turn the waste into resource

Turn unavoidable waste into:

New products and profits

Donate it to food rescue charities to help feed people in the community



Prevent it

Stop waste occurring in the first place

This will result in:

Less crop left in the paddock

Making the most of expensive inputs and environmental resources

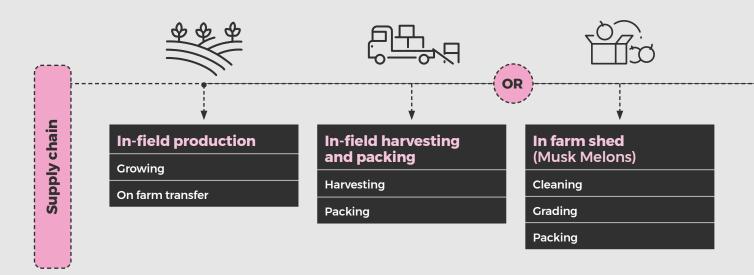




Photo courtesy Michael Nucifora

Enable it			
Action How			
EI	Develop and encourage the widespread implementation of improved waste data collection and analysis tools to inform business strategies.	Review waste data collection methods globally, recommend data collection method and encourage usage across supply chain, report industry food waste, measure and evaluate impact of reduction initiatives in biannual report.	
E2	Implement an education campaign and supply chain communication/ coordination activities to support the reduction of melon food waste.	Develop and promote an educational campaign on melon food waste reduction for the supply chain, collaborate with other horticultural groups for waste reduction techniques, support standards aligned with existing industry certification, showcase food waste champions and initiatives, provide information and training.	
E3	Ensure that policy and regulatory settings support the melon supply chain to reduce food waste.	Maintain biosecurity vigilance to prevent the spread of pests and diseases, review inter-jurisdictional arrangements, advocate for waste reduction regulation/incentives, identify policies that increase waste and advocate for removal/change.	
Rep	urpose it		
Acti	on	How	
R1	Increase the quantity of surplus melons being processed and incorporated into value added products for human consumption.	Research value adding opportunities, conduct feasibility studies, support expansion of successful initiatives, collate research and trials for innovative melon value-added products, , seek engagement of investors, marketers and growers in value-add initiatives and explore mobile processing plants or regional processing hubs.	
R2	Develop a time and cost effective resource rescue supply chain to increase the quantity of melons utilised by food rescue organisations.	Address barriers to increasing waste melon deployment to food rescue organisations, Identify regional hubs and partners for melon recovery, recognise contributors to food rescue organizations, engage high-profile champions, advocate for financial incentives.	
Prevent It			
Action		How	
PΊ	Improve the alignment between the supply of melons and demand.	Promote melon consumption to increase domestic demand, explore increased export markets, explore new markets, improve access to market information and understanding of market forces, improve access to market information, explore models that offer greater supply and demand balance.	
P2	Encourage stronger relationships and enhanced communication across the melon supply chain in the interests of reducing food.	Establish a whole of supply chain steering group, identify and quantify instore waste, review product specifications, develop secondary markets for lower grade melons, identify and address communication and understanding differences between supply chain actors.	
P3	Support best practice production to decrease melon food waste due to agronomic causes and improve consumer trust in the product at market.	Continue research on pest management, nutrition, and technology to determine ripeness of fruit, support Best Management Practice (BMP) and industry benchmarking, encourage innovation, support research into melon varieties breeding, understand the impacts of climate change and develop risk management strategies, collaborate with the Bureau of Meteorology for weather information.	
P4	Improve the transportation of melons including through the cold food chain to minimise damage and transit time.	Improve on-farm transport of melons, use real-time load monitoring, implement improved packaging techniques to protect fruit, investigate rail transport, and potential impact of improved road conditions, enhance training and supervision of long distance truck drivers.	
P5	Support the supply of appropriately skilled labour for the Melon industry and the associated supply chain.	Provide staff training tools for growers and retailers to reduce waste, promote the melon industry as an employment option, support initiatives that facilitate a reliable supply of seasonal workers, encourage investment in automation, advocate for recognition of cost of labour in production costs.	

Supply chain waste map



Damaged: pest/disease/weather

Crop failure

Food waste causes

Pollination difficulties

Damaged: pest/disease/ weather/handling

Failure to ripen/overripe

Does not meet specifications

Market issues/oversupply

Damaged: pest/disease/weather/handling/temp control

Does not meet specifications

Data Collection

Education campaign & supply chain communication

Policy and regulatory settings

Best practice production

KEY:

Enable it – make it easier

Repurpose – if we can't prevent

Prevention – is the priority

Data Collection

Education campaign & supply chain communication

Policy and regulatory settings

Increase value-add processing

Increase food rescue" this occurs three times on this actions level

Improve supply/demand alignment

Best practice production

Data Collection

Education campaign & supply chain communication

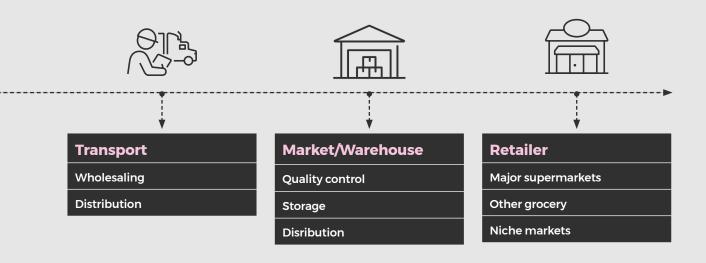
Policy and regulatory settings

Increase value-add processing

Resource rescue

Improve supply/demand alignment

Skilled Labour



Oversupply	Oversupply
Damaged in transport	Damaged
Does not meet specifications	Over ripe
Quality assessment process	Does not meet specifications - size, appearance
	Health regulations/store policies
	Damaged in transport Does not meet specifications

Data Collection/ Data Collection Improve consumer trust traceability/cool chain and confidence in fresh monitoring melons **Education campaign &** supply chain communication **Data Collection Education campaign &** supply chain communication **Policy and regulatory settings Education campaign &** Policy and regulatory settings supply chain communication Increase value-add processing Improve transportation **Policy and regulatory settings** Resource rescue **Best practice production** Improve supply/demand alignment Improve transportation

The Roadmap

Key actions with major milestones for melon food waste reduction

Enable it – Make it easier to reduce food waste



Repurpose it – From waste to resource



Prevent it – Stop waste occurring in the first place



Advocate for the adjustment or removal of

Roll out an industry education program and resources re food waste.

Develop Melon industry food waste data collection tools and processes.

Engage all supply chain actors in a campaign to improve consumer trust in fresh melons.

Identify and address barriers to increased donations to food rescue.

Establish a whole of Melon Supply chain steering group to drive the reduction of food waste.

Review melon product specifications.

Develop and deliver staff training resources for growers and retailers.

Increase the demand for melons by delivering consistent quality, promoting utility and benefits and exploring new markets.

Identify and quantify the causes of instore melon waste and develop strategies to address.

Advocate for the adjustment or removal of enterprise and government policies that increase melon food waste.

Advocate for food waste tax incentives and reduction policies.

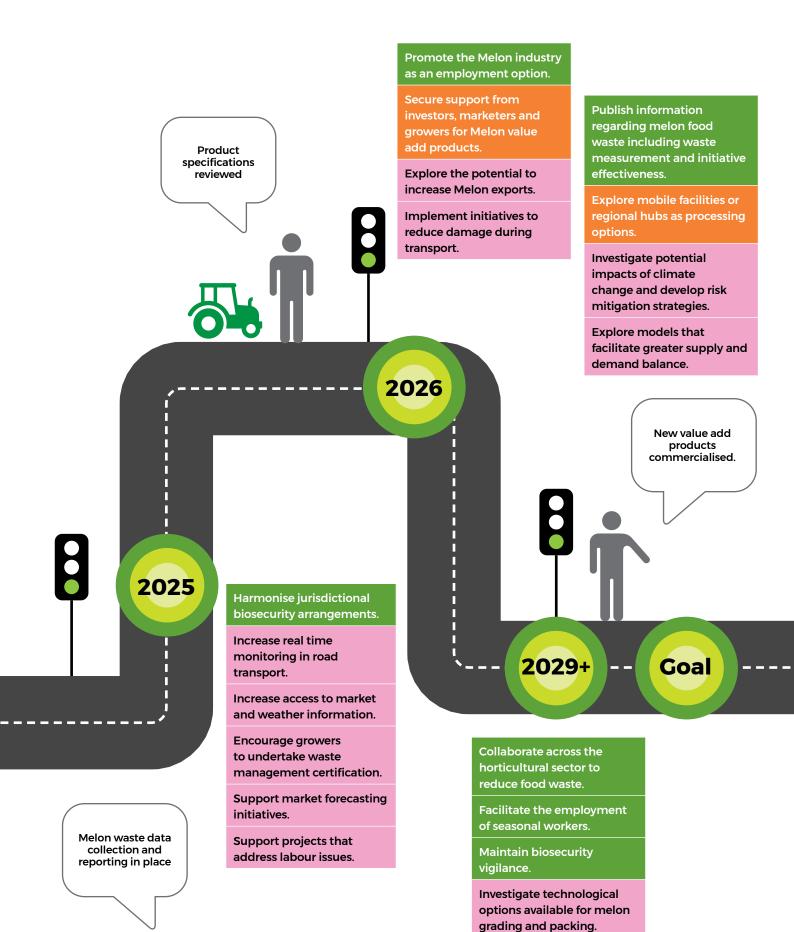
Continue research and extension to improve agronomic practices.

Undertake research into new technologies to determine ripeness and improved genetic breeding. Tax incentives available to support growers costs in donating to food rescue

Communicate existing research into value adding opportunities.

Investigate feasibility of innovative value-add products.

Support the expansion of existing melon value add products.



Enhance communication and collaboration between supply chain actors.

Taking action now

Be **Proactive**

- Record your food waste "If you can measure it, you can manage it"
- Address issues that impact the quality of your fruit
- Look for value adding opportunities

Participate in industry activity

- Work with the industry to build customer trust by supplying top quality fruit
- Be part of initiatives like benchmarking, trials and pilots

Partner across the supply chain

- Work together to plan ahead for gluts
- Build trusted relationships with supply chain partners to share information
- Collaborate on food rescue initiatives large and small









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Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water





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Further information including the Technical Report can be accessed at https://endfoodwaste.com.au/sector-action-plans

